air waybill, or other commercial loading document for carrier use, or on the carrier's outbound manifest. The exemption legend shall reference the number of the section or provision in this part where the particular exemption is provided (see Appendix D of this part).

§ 30.36 Exemption for shipments destined to Canada.

- (a) Except as noted in §30.2(a)(1)(iv), and in paragraph (b) of this section, shipments originating in the United States where the country of ultimate destination is Canada are exempt from the EEI reporting requirements of this part.
- (b) This exemption does not apply to the following types of export shipments:
- (1) Sent for storage in Canada, but ultimately destined for third countries.
- (2) Exports moving from the United States through Canada to a third destination shall be reported in the same manner as for all other exports. The USPPI or authorized agent shall follow the instructions as contained in this part for preparing and filing the EEI.
- (3) Requiring a Department of State, DDTC, export license under the ITAR (22 CFR 120–130).
- (4) Requiring a Department of Commerce, BIS, export license under the EAR (15 CFR 730-774).
- (5) Subject to the ITAR, but exempt from license requirements.
- (6) Classified as rough diamonds under the 6-digit HS subheadings (7102.10, 7102.21, or 7102.31).

§ 30.37 Miscellaneous exemptions.

Filing EEI is not required for the following kinds of shipments. However, the Census Bureau has the authority to periodically require the reporting of shipments that are normally exempt from filing.

(a) Except as noted in \$30.2(a)(1)(iv), exports of commodities where the value of the commodities shipped from one USPPI to one consignee on a single exporting carrier, classified under an individual Schedule B or HTSUSA commodity classification code, is \$2,500 or less. This exemption applies to individual Schedule B or HTSUSA commodity classification codes regardless

- of the total shipment value. In instances where a shipment contains a mixture of individual Schedule B or HTSUSA commodity codes valued \$2,500 or less and individual Schedule B or HTSUSA commodity classification codes valued over \$2,500, only those commodity classification codes valued over \$2,500 need to be reported. If the filer reports multiple items of the same Schedule B or HTSUSA code, this exemption only applies if the total value of exports for the Schedule B or HTSUSA code is \$2,500 or less.
- (b) Tools of trade and their containers that are usual and reasonable kinds and quantities of commodities and software intended for use by individual USPPIs or by employees or representatives of the exporting company in furthering the enterprises and undertakings of the USPPI abroad. Commodities and software eligible for this exemption are those that do not require an export license or that are exported as tools of the trade under a license exception of the EAR (15 CFR 740.9), and are subject to the following provisions:
- (1) Are owned by the individual USPPI or exporting company.
- (2) Accompany the individual USPPI, employee, or representative of the exporting company.
- (3) Are necessary and appropriate and intended for the personal and/or business use of the individual USPPI, employee, or representative of the company or business.
 - (4) Are not for sale.
- (5) Are returned to the United States no later than one (1) year from the date of export.
- (6) Are not shipped under a bill of lading or an air waybill.
- (c) Shipments from one point in the United States to another point in the United States by routes passing through Canada or Mexico.
- (d) Shipments from one point in Canada or Mexico to another point in the same country by routes through the United States.
- (e) Shipments transported inbond through the United States and exported from another U.S. port or transshipped and exported directly from the port of arrival. (When goods are shipped through the United States for